Did You Know?

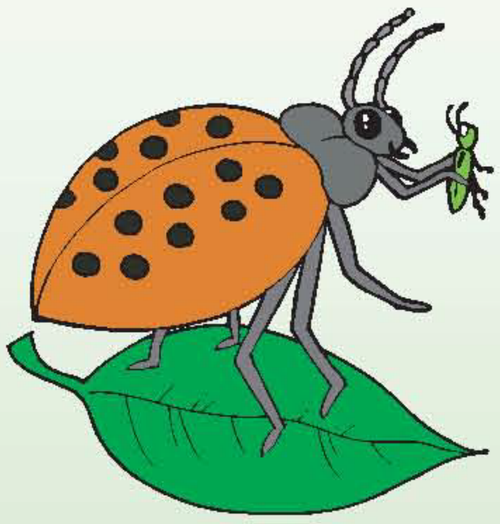
95% Of all known insects are beneficial to humankind.

An adult ladybug can eat about 80 aphids per day.

A ladybug will lay about 1500 eggs during her lifespan. She will place her eggs in the middle of an aphid colony to ensure her babies survival.

Ladybug babies will eat about 25 aphids per day even in their larvae stage.

Ladybug Life Stages



Adult ladybug lays egg
(5 Days later)
The ladybug larvae hatches, it looks like a small black alligator, and will sit on leaves and eat insects.
(17 Days later)
The larvae turns into the pupae
(6 Days later)

The young adult ladybug emerges to start the cycle again.

Ladybug facts:

The ladybug antennae are incredible. They are used for sensing, and must be kept clean.
The ladybug uses its legs to clean the antennae.

The ladybug has two sets of wings.
The exoskeleton elytra, and underneath those wings are the flying wings.

Their colors help to protect them from predators.

Ladybugs are bright colors like red and black, which tells predators that the ladybugs might not be tasty!

Ladybugs will also play dead to protect themselves. They can also release a fluid that makes the predator go away, just like skunks do!
After the predator leaves, the ladybug returns to her normal activities.

The ladybug got her name from farmers in Europe during the middle ages. The ladybugs helped to save the farmers crops that were being destroyed by pests.

If we allow nature to do what is intended to do, our gardens, crops, and foods can grow and thrive in a non toxic environment, that will feed us and future generations.